



we
are
social

Think
Forward

2020
2020





**we
are.
social**

The new rules of social

We connect people and brands in a meaningful way. That's why Think Forward 2020 unpicks the complex and ever shifting web of consumer behaviour online, and explores the role brands can play in reflecting and shaping it.

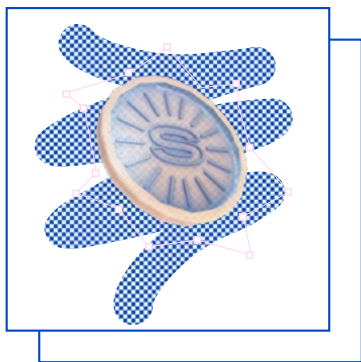
Historically, the internet has been exempt from the rules and restrictions of the physical world. But this year, the Wild West got a little less wild. Instagram hiding public likes, clampdowns on #ads, the Fyre Festival fallout; these shifts in the digital landscape are evidence of a new set of rules being enforced by users, creators, platforms and authorities. In 2020, brands will need to walk the line.



Think Forward

1

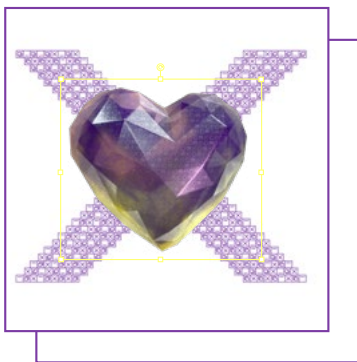
Added Value



People are placing higher value on digital content and creators

2

Social Self-Care



People are seeking a healthier relationship with their digital consumption

3

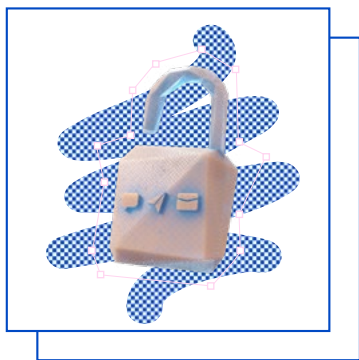
Bad Influence



There's a growing backlash against influencer culture and the metrics that drive it

4

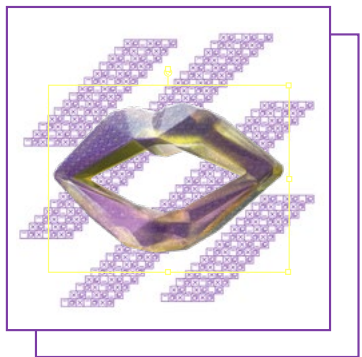
Overt Privacy



Intimate digital spaces are gaining favour over public ones

5

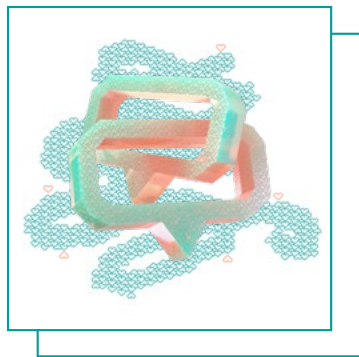
Running Commentary



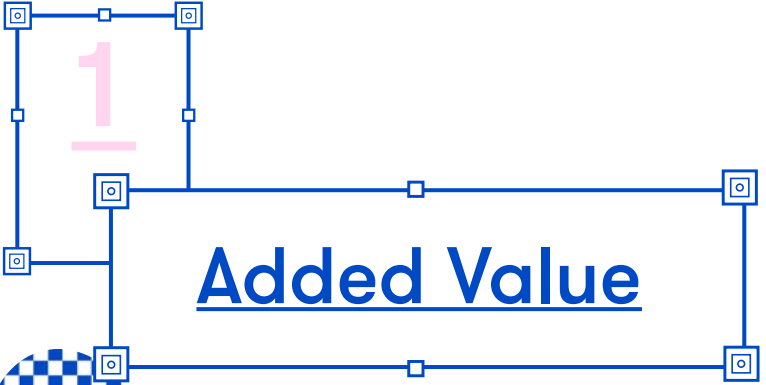
People are engaging with longer, more complex narratives on social

6

Cultural Crossfit



There's a mass merging of cultures, categories, verticals and genres





The cultural shift

People are placing more value on digital content and creators

The internet has long been a wild west where intellectual property is barely there. But in a maturing digital frontier, creators have grown dedicated audiences who not only see value in their content, but recognise their style anywhere. As a result, communities are rallying to protect creators. Brands must credit properly or risk trial by social committee.



The behavioural change

- 1 People are paying
 - > their favourite creators
for content
- 2 People are boycotting
 - > career plagiarists
- 3 People are calling
 - > out brands that
don't credit



The behavioural change

- 1 People are paying
> their favourite creators
for content

Despite the wealth of free content online, people are using platforms like Venmo and Patreon to pay creators for extra content.



1 Added Value

The behavioural change

2 People are boycotting > career plagiarists

2019 saw the hashtag #fuckfuckjerry flourish, which encourages people to unfollow @fuckjerry, who profits almost exclusively off stolen posts.




The behavioural change

3 People are calling out > brands that don't credit

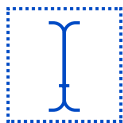
In a call-out culture, any brand that doesn't abide by this shift will see themselves immediately reprimanded online.





2018 saw 3 million
people pay creators
on Patreon – a 50%
year-on-year increase

Patreon, 2019



How to use it

- 1 Brands should champion the audience as well as the creators

#SephoraSquad – the influencer programme for beauty brand Sephora – doesn't recruit its influencers based on their number of followers, but on audience loyalty. Anyone can apply as long as their followers vouch for them.



1 Added Value

How to use it

2 Brands should ensure > they're being respectful of online communities

When The North Face took images of people wearing its clothing at famous landmarks, and uploaded them to their Wikipedia pages as if they were legitimate creators in this space, people were outraged that a brand would be so disrespectful of the Wikipedia community.



1 Added Value

2

Social Self-Care





The cultural shift

People are seeking a healthier relationship with their digital consumption

Social was once a space for projecting and seeking validation. But in the wake of increased mental health awareness, people are taking a more measured approach to digital consumption. They don't want to be cut off from the internet. They just want a better relationship with it. So consumers are actively rebalancing their digital lives to protect their wellbeing.

The behavioural change

- 1 People are seeking
> out online optimism
- 2 People are forming
> support networks around
relatable memes
- 3 People are consulting
> with digital therapists

The behavioural change

1 People are seeking > out online optimism

In the face of feelings of inadequacy and anxiety, overt positivity is the new counterculture. Dancer Donté Colley, for example, has risen to fame on Instagram for his motivational messaging.



2 Social Self-Care

The behavioural change

2 People are forming support networks around relatable memes

College meme groups, like 'UC Berkeley Memes for Edgy Teens' are spaces where US college students can find solace in relatable memes around common anxieties.

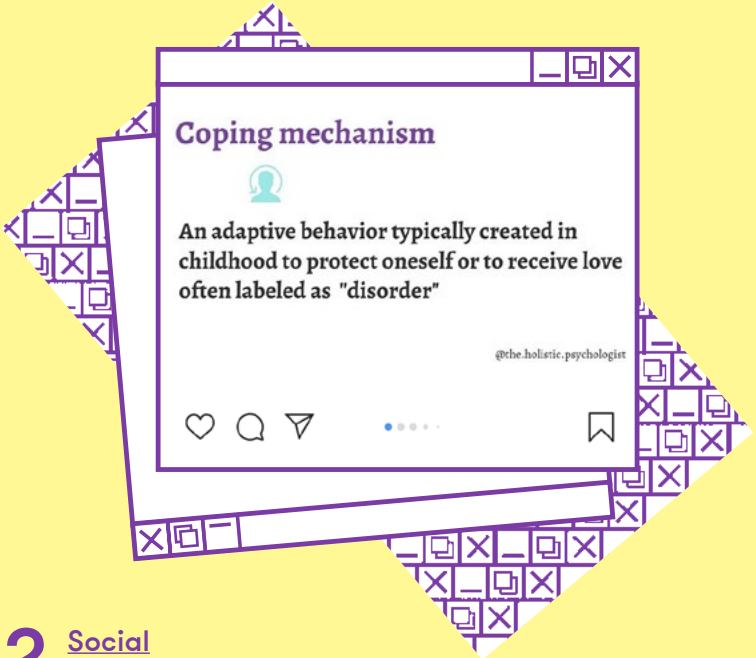
"How's studying for finals going?"

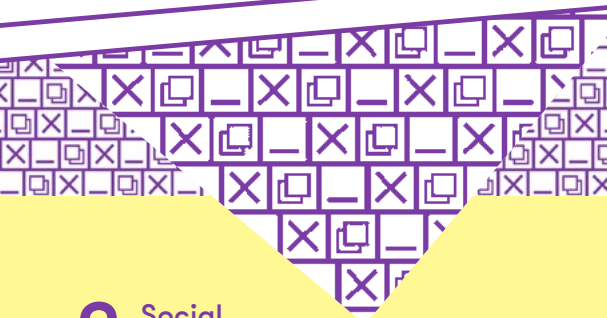
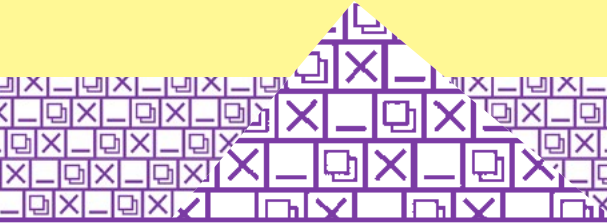


The behavioural change

3 People are consulting with digital therapists

Instagram-based therapist Dr. Nicole LePera has a 1 million-strong following that can message her directly or just engage with her content to get a hit of healthy advice.





Google searches for
the term 'self care'
have risen 100% in
the past five years

Google, 2019

2

Social
Self-Care

How to use it

- 1 Brands should create content that supports people's emotional health

Uber partnered with meditation app Calm to repurpose the short journeys people take in its vehicles as moments to better their health. They created four guided meditations that enable people to use their journey to free up some mental space.



How to use it

2 Brands should support > people in enforcing healthier habits

Vodafone, in a counterintuitive movement, created #ScreenFreeFathersDay to encourage dads, with the help of dad influencers, to put their phones down to better connect with their kids IRL.

3

Bad Influence





The cultural shift

There's a growing backlash against influencer culture and the metrics that drive it

Influencers used to be beacons of authenticity, but being a content creator born on social media has lost its lo-fi sheen; lifestyle influencers lead increasingly un-relatable lives, while Will Smith is spearheading a new wave of celebrity 'creators' on platforms like YouTube. As a result, there's a growing backlash against influencer culture and the metrics that drive it.





The behavioural change

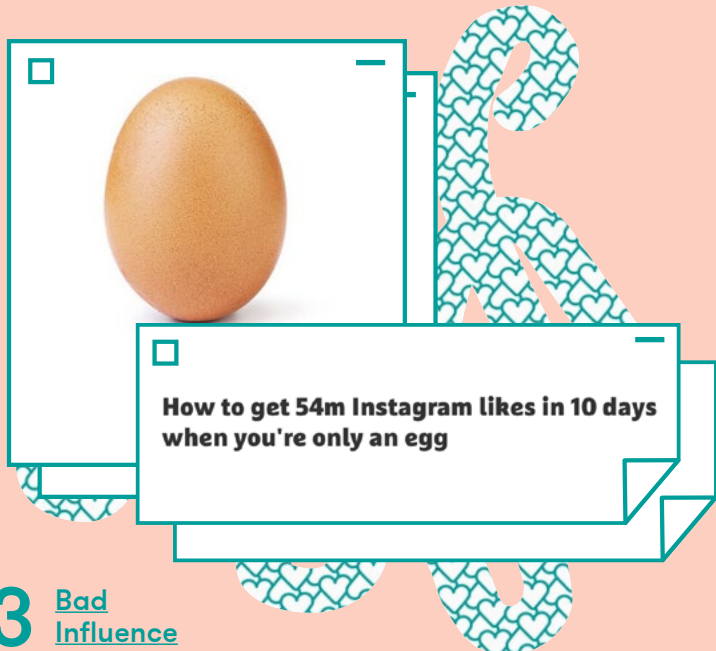
- 1 People are refusing
> to participate in online
social hierarchies
- 2 People are making fun
> of influencers
- 3 People are engaging with
> celebrities as creators,
and vice versa



The behavioural change

- 1 People are refusing to participate in online social hierarchies

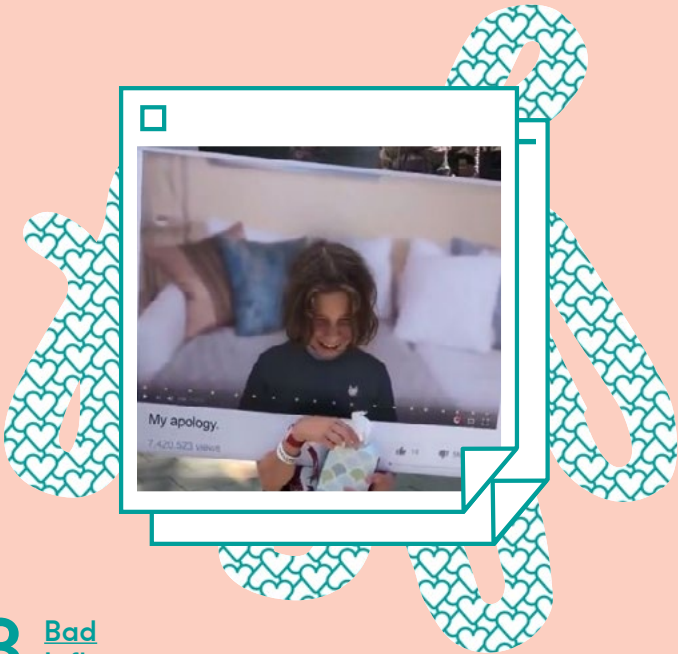
@world_record_egg is part of a wider uptick in 'shitposting'; a phenomenon that sees people refuse to participate in established online social hierarchies.



The behavioural change

2 People are making > fun of influencers

A growing body of online content exists primarily to poke fun at the vacuous nature of influencer culture. Recently, a boy turned up to VidCon dressed up as an apology video, for example.

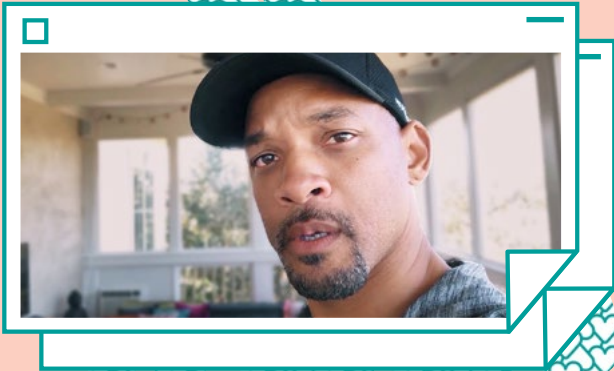


3 Bad Influence

The behavioural change

- 3 People are engaging with celebrities as creators,
> and vice versa

The lines between influencer and celebrity are blurring. YouTuber PewDiePie's wedding was covered by traditional gossip mags, while Will Smith is killing it on YouTube by behaving like a grassroots creator.





Influencer relatability
is twice as important
as popularity when
it comes to product
endorsements

Edelman Trust
Barometer, 2019



How to use it

- 1 Brands should move
> from influencer marketing
to community marketing

Focus on the strength of the bond between the influencer and their audience, rather than the message itself. Brands should look to validate the power of the community prior to working with any influencer, ultimately focusing on quality of relationships over quantity.



3

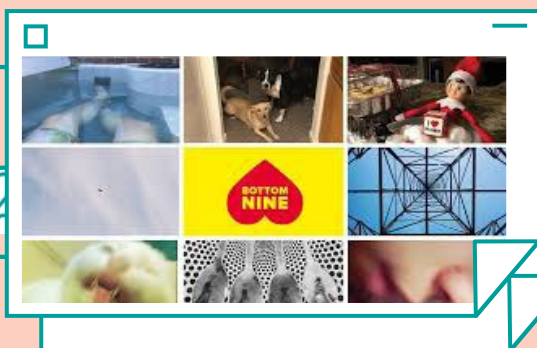
Bad
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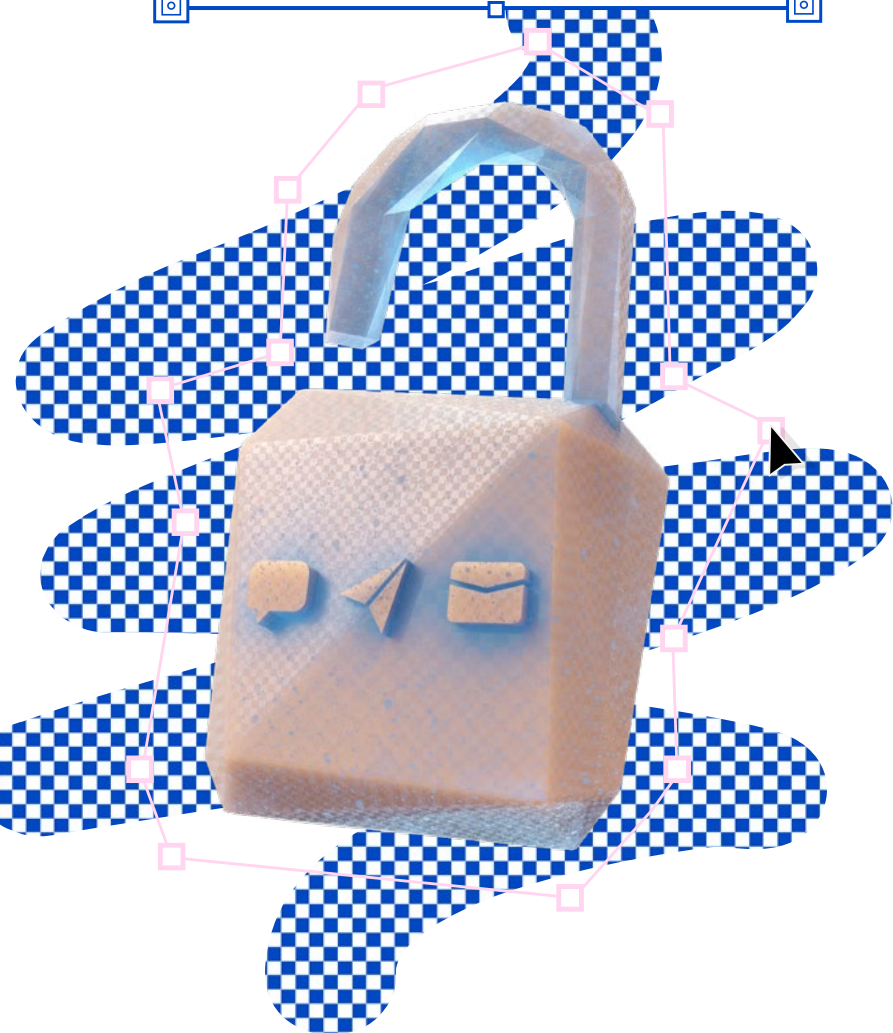
How to use it

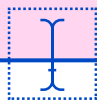
2 Brands should subvert > influencer tropes to generate impact

Kahlúa created an IRL anti-influence exhibition of Instagram photos that got zero likes in New York, as well as developing a digital tool called #BottomNine, which let people find – and repost – their nine least-liked photos on Instagram.



3 Bad Influence





The cultural shift

Intimate digital spaces are gaining favour over public ones

People are sick of feeling surveilled. They're taking control of their digital footprints, ultimately looking to hide from brands, platforms, and even their outer circles, by moving into more intimate social spaces. With tools like Instagram 'Close Friends' and Facebook Groups gaining traction, the public feed feels less important than ever.



The behavioural change

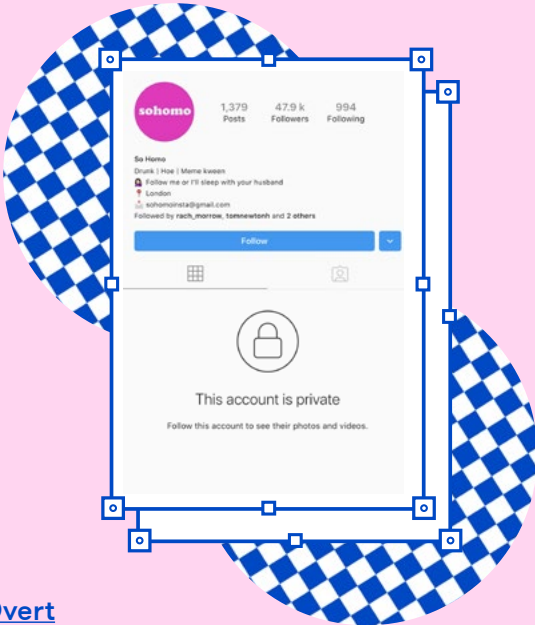
- 1 People are locking down
> their accounts
- 2 People are using closed
> communities as digital
safe spaces
- 3 People are subverting
> their language to game
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The behavioural change

1 People are locking down > their accounts

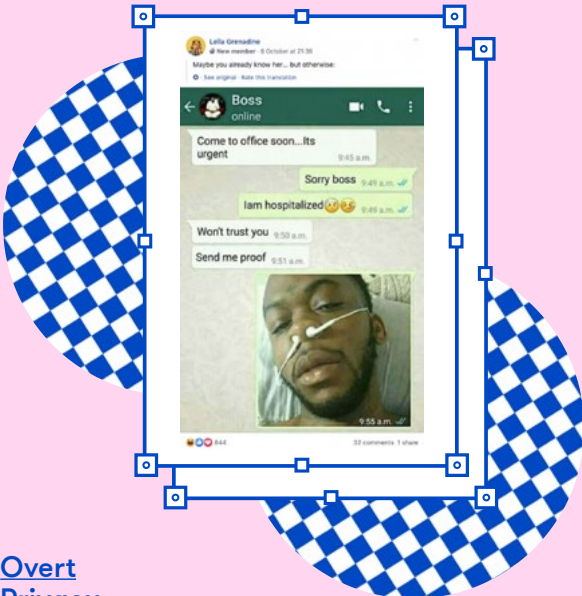
Many people – including large meme accounts – have started to lock down their social channels, ultimately taking control of who gets to see and respond to what they're posting.



The behavioural change

2 People are using closed communities as safe spaces

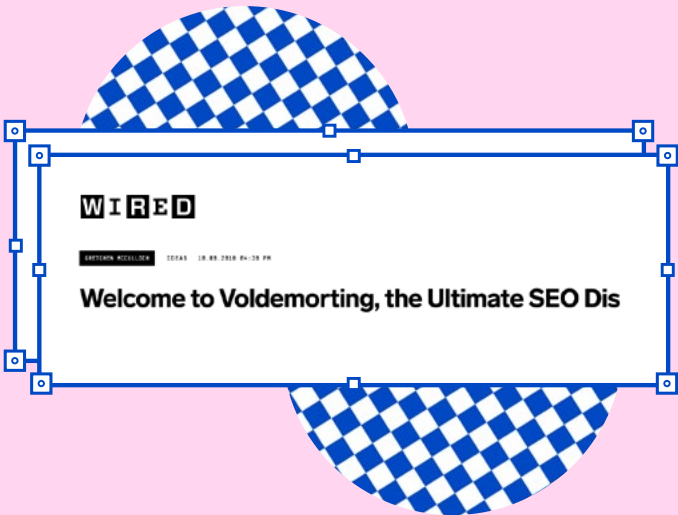
NdFlex is a closed Facebook Group for people in France to debate the flexibilisation of the labour market (a controversial topic), without the fear of trolls going unchecked.





The behavioural change

3 People are subverting their language to game algorithms

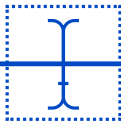
People are using ornate synonyms for well-known websites, products and people to prevent retargeting against keywords (otherwise known as ‘voldemorting’) and minimising their reach.





The future is private

Mark Zuckerberg, 2019



How to use it

1 Brands should ask for permission to play

The Telegraph has introduced a Brexit WhatsApp Group for masochists who haven't had their fill of Brexit news. Users have to opt in and consent to receiving less formal notifications from the newspaper.

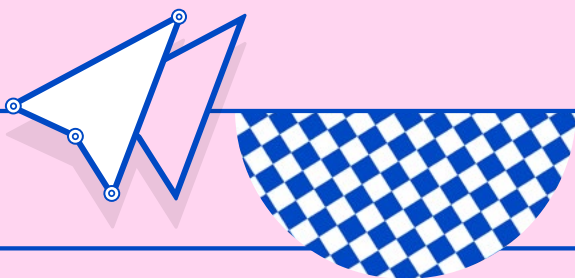


How to use it

2 Brands should harness this > behaviour to talk to customers

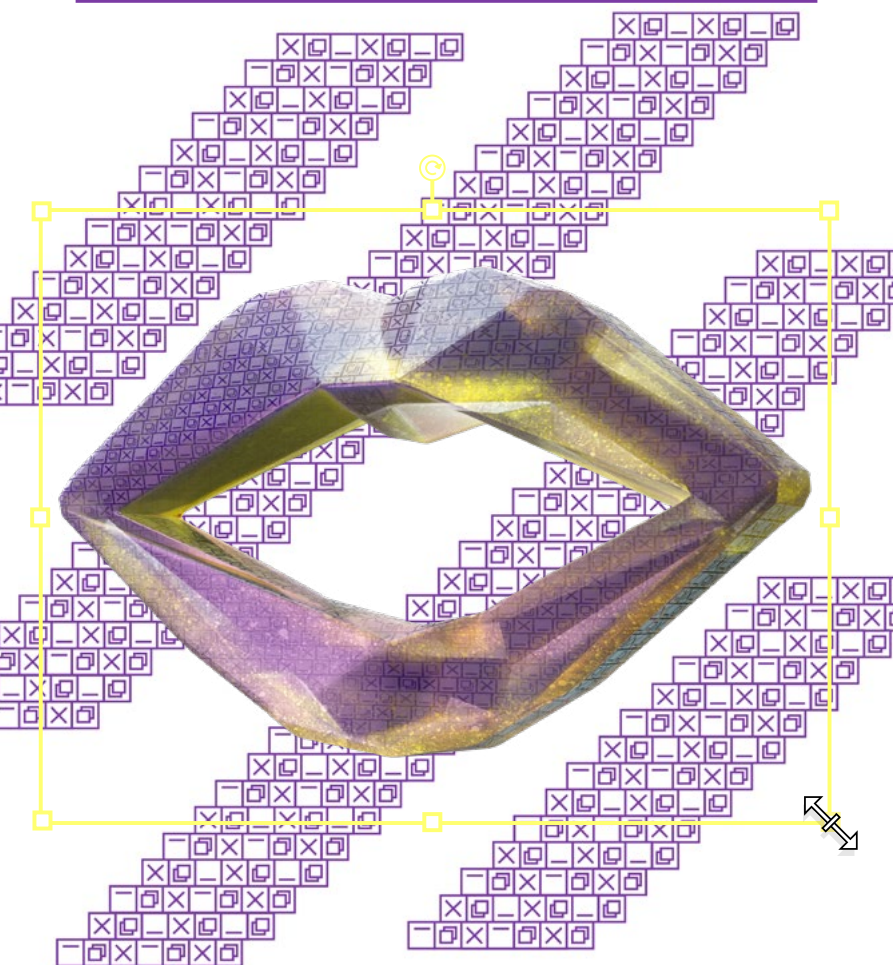
Starbucks is exploring how it can use private groups to better engage with consumers around product development. Parts of its audience are invited in, then made part of innovation testing.

In these closed spaces, people are highly engaged and give honest, unfiltered feedback.



5

Running Commentary



The cultural shift

People are engaging with longer, more complex narratives on social

It's long been accepted wisdom that people are put off by lengthy content online.

But social content is no longer all about brevity. In a maturing digital landscape, content and narratives across platforms are growing longer and more complex, with audiences more willing to invest time and attention in stories they deem to have a higher value.



The behavioural change

- 1 People are engaging
 - > with long-form captions
on Instagram

- 2 People are indulging in
 - > the soap-opera-ficiation
of social

- 3 People are interacting
 - > with Twitter threads

The behavioural change

1 People are engaging with > long-form captions on Instagram

On a platform that has historically been tied to the notion that aesthetics matter above all else, people like internet personality Caroline Calloway are finding fame through long-form captions.



The behavioural change

2 People are indulging in the soap-opera-fication of social

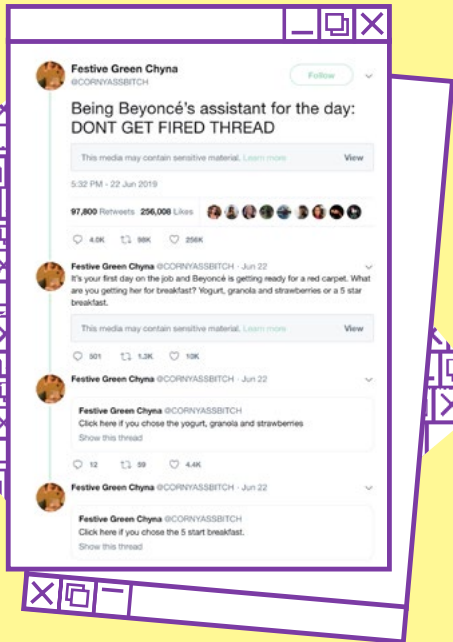
Cross-platform digital feuds – like the one between YouTube make-up artists James Charles and Tati Westbrook – have become a well-documented facet of tabloid news.

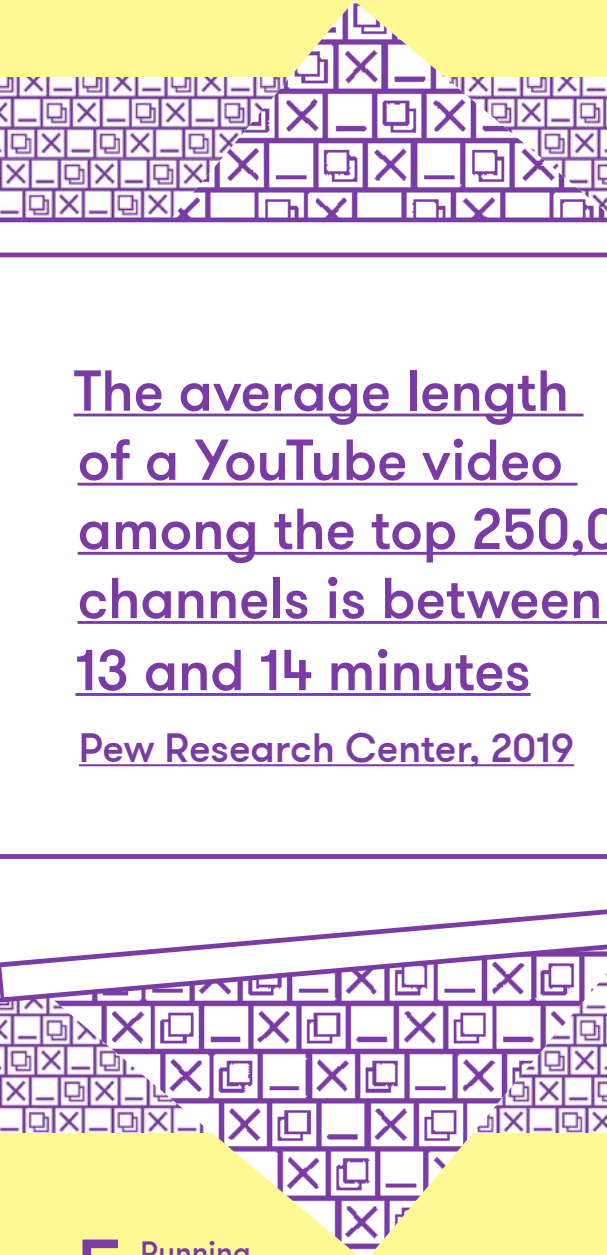


The behavioural change

3 People are interacting > with Twitter threads

Twitter was once founded on the idea that less is more. But today, not only are tweets twice as long as when they were conceived, but some of the best in-platform moments are playing out in threads.





The average length
of a YouTube video
among the top 250,000
channels is between
13 and 14 minutes

Pew Research Center, 2019

How to use it

- 1 Brands should play a more active role on social

There's been a renaissance in community management. When Lionesses launched their World Cup #BeReady campaign, for example – announcing the squad on a Twitter thread with well-known contributors – the team showed that thinking long-form on a short-form platform could be a success.



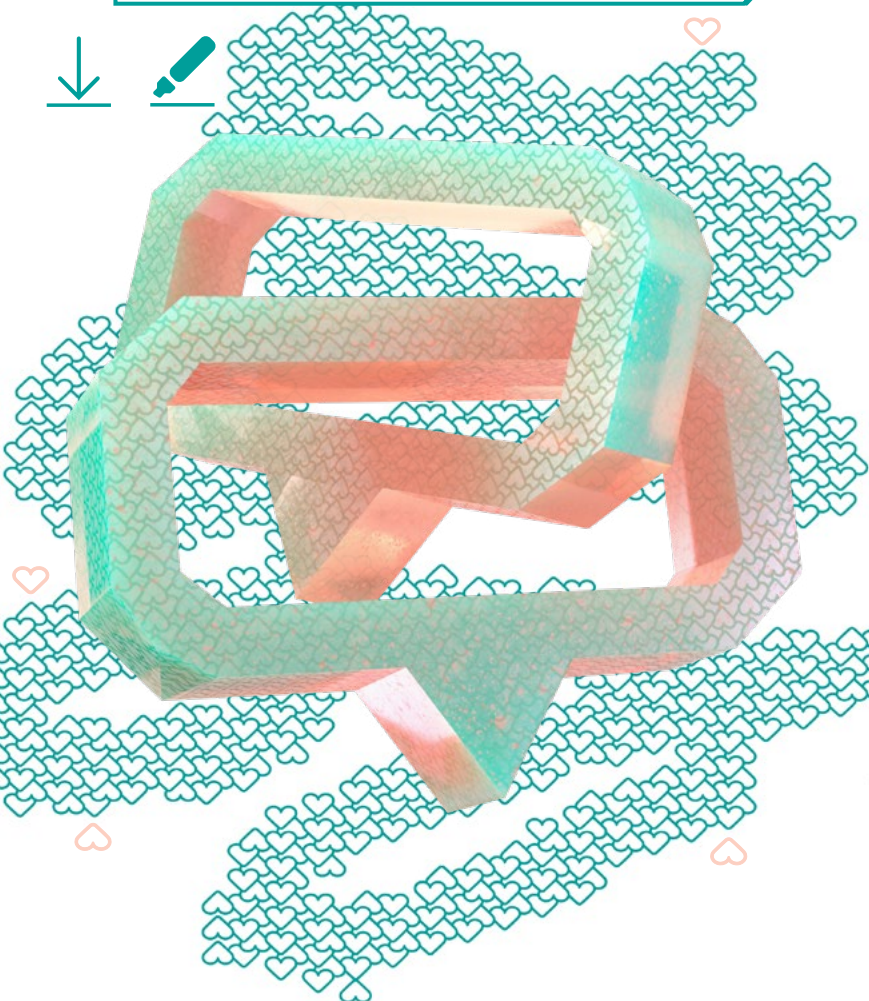
How to use it

2 Brands should let people tell their story on social

The most interesting stories on social are the ones that are told from multiple perspectives, maximising reach but also adding nuance and intrigue, encouraging users to do a little digging to see the full picture. It's why HBO show Euphoria encouraged its cast to take their own photos on-set to share as they pleased.

6

Cultural Crossfit





The cultural shift

There's a mass merging of cultures, categories, verticals and genres

People have often been forced to engage with cultural interests in isolation, but that doesn't reflect the way they consume. Tastes are flexible and multifaceted. People don't just love fashion or only watch TV, after all. But driven by openness to collaboration among brands and platforms, cultural convergence is more far reaching than ever.



The behavioural change

- 1 People are merging
 - > cultural references to reflect their individuality
- 2 People are engaging
 - > with multiple cultures simultaneously
- 3 People are engaging with
 - > IRL interests in immersive digital worlds



The behavioural change

- 1 People are merging cultural references to reflect their individuality

Newness can be found at the intersection of multiple ideas, interests or genres. 'Old Town Road' by Lil Nas X – a fusion of hip hop and country – was arguably the most successful song of 2019.



The behavioural change

2 People are engaging with multiple cultures simultaneously

Digital natives have grown up exposed to multiple cultures at once; it's partly why meme account @yugnat999 is so popular. Its Frenghish memes are a commentary on contemporary language.



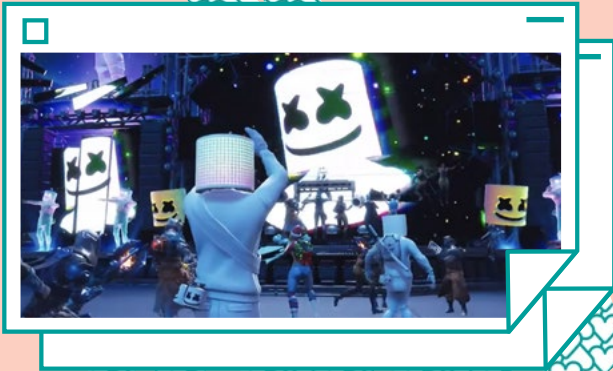
When I'm forcé to listen to tes
bullshits



The behavioural change

3 People are engaging with > IRL interests in immersive digital worlds

Fortnite is arguably one of the most interesting online spaces, due to its in-game events – DJ Marshmello’s digital concert drew 10 million in-game fans.





‘Old Town Road’
by Lil Nas X was
#1 on the Billboard
Hot 100 for 19 weeks

Billboard, 2019



How to use it

1 Brands should be adaptive > and culture-first

Marketers used to think in silos, whether in category – music, sports, films, video games – or distribution – social platforms, OOH, digital. But channels have broadened and blurred, while entertainment categories have merged. Brands need to be more agile and be willing to cross multiple cultures effortlessly.



6

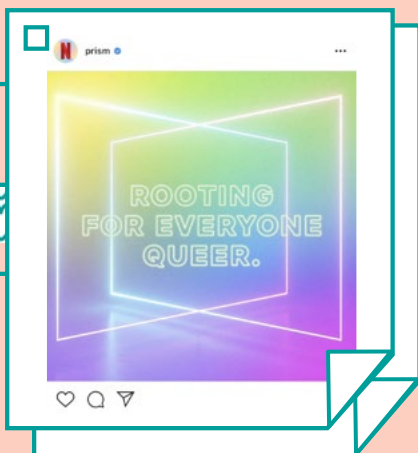
Cultural
Crossfit



How to use it

2 Brand should target specific communities to maximise cultural impact

Brands with broad audiences can tap into niche communities more effectively by targeting multiple identity markers. Netflix knows that the majority of its users like TV and movies, for example, but its @Prism Instagram handle targets LGBTQ+ TV and movie lovers to maximise its relevance.







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